

EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK

DIXON, ILLINOIS THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 19, 1885

NUMBER 589

Gossamere Sale.

LONG,
SHORT,
LADIES'
MISSES,
AND
CHILDREN'S
GOSSAMERES
REDUCED
IN
PRICE
FROM
\$2.50
TO
\$2.00.

ALL AT
\$1.00,
\$1.25
&
\$150,
CHEAP.

Warranted to Wear and Water Proof.

S. G. AUSTIN & CO

—Mrs. H. E. Paine is visiting in Chicago.

—Mrs. B. C. Harden has been quite ill several days but is now recovering.

—The Fair at the Universalist church commenced this afternoon. The "Harvest Supper" will be served this evening.

—Editor Hill, of the Prophetstown *Spike*, is ready to patronize the newly organized "Loan Association" of Sterling; so he says.

—Judge George Steel and Augustus Truman started yesterday for the home of the mallard, the teal and the muskrat. They took a wagon load of camp equipment, that's what they called it, we believe, and also some ammunition.

Because of the reduction of letter postage to two cents, there was a deficiency in the postal appropriation of \$6,756,345 for the year ending last June. Illinois is the only state in the union that shows a profit in postal operations, the surplus being \$201,968.

—Cyrus Williams is here from Missouri visiting his sisters, Mrs. Ira Lewis and Mrs. L. Mulkins. His many friends of his boyhood will also be glad to meet him. He appears in good health and fine spirits for a Missouri Republican.

—Charles G. Hawley is home from the city of Mexico. His residence in tropical Mexico appears to agree with him, as we may judge from his appearance. Still he does not like the people and therefore a residence there is not pleasant. He is not certain about returning.

—The discovery was sometime since announced of a fossil air-breathing animal of an earlier age than any before known—a scorpion from the upper Silurian deposits of Sweden. A cockroach's wing dating from a still more remote period—the middle Silurian—has since been found in France.

—Miss Louise Balfe, the handsome young English actress who appears in "Dagmar" at the Opera House next Tuesday evening, is now delighting audiences at the Academy of Music, in Chicago. The Chicago press speak highly of the company and especially of Miss Balfe. The play of "Dagmar" is little known in this country as yet, but has been produced in England for several seasons with great success. The company make but several towns in Illinois, Dixon being the smallest in size.

—The two great continental canal projects, about which THE TELEGRAPH has heretofore spoken, seem to have arrived at a stage to insure their completion. Germany is ready to vote a large sum for a ship-canal connecting the Baltic with the Elbe and German Ocean. The work will have an immense commercial value, as over five million tons are certain of transportation annually. The other project is for a canal to make Bruges a seaport. We are pleased to note any great canal enterprise as all work of this sort gives us hope that our own government may awaken to the realization of the importance of improvement in its waterways, including the building of a canal from Rock Island to Hennepin, connecting the Mississippi with the lakes.

—From the Galena *Gazette* we learn that Banta, who was tried there this week for forgery, himself kindly asked Judge Eustace to sentence him to the full extent of the law, fourteen years. Banta is the criminal who some time ago confessed to the murder of Marshall S. Pitchard, of Winnebago county. He has, within a day or so, both confessed and denied that he was guilty of that murder.

—Our latest dispatches concerning the Servo-Bulgarian war indicate that hard fighting may be anticipated as the belligerents appear to be better matched than was at first supposed. It appears strange that in this enlightened age such a slaughter of human beings should be considered necessary in order to settle a dispute over a small slice of territory, as in this case. There is, of course, a hatred between Servia and Bulgaria that is not easily understood, which would appear as a necessary circumstance to cause so much bloodshed over such a trifling affair.

—The numbers of *The Living Age* for the weeks ending Nov. 7th and 14th contain (mostly taken from leading magazines of the age): *The Noyel of Manners*, *Notes in a Swiss Village*; *Contemporary Life and Thought in Turkey*; *The Populace of Paris and London*; *John Nelson Darby*; *Faroe Wheels*; *The Old and New Philanthropists*; *The Stupid Couple*; *Guizot as he Really Was*; *Men and Manners in Constantinople*; *A Polish Elias*; *A Prince of Court Painters*; *On a Kentish Heath*; *A Day's Trade*; *Wine Manufacturing*; *A Thracian Fortress*; *Beau Brummell*; with instalments of *A House Divided Against Itself*, by Mrs. Oliphant, and *Fortune's Wheel*, and select poetry and miscellany. For fifty-two numbers of sixty-four large pages each (or more than 3,300 pages a year) the subscription price (\$8) is low; while for \$10.50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American \$4.00 monthlies or weeklies with *THE LIVING AGE* for one year, both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, are the publishers.

—Announcing the editor of *THE TELEGRAPH* as a candidate for some office appears to be a sort of mania that takes hold of the Dixon *Sun* whenever there is a vacancy; and sometimes, so great is its craze, it does not mind that import matter. The office we held a few years ago drove the editor of the *Sun* into weekly spasms and the result was that his paper was generally filled, week after week, with the horrible fact that we were "drawing a salary from the State." When Postmaster J. L. Camp died the editor of the *Sun* set up an unseemly howl in expressing his fear that we were an applicant for the place. Then again later the editor could not sleep at night on account of the horrid visions of an imaginary candidacy for Canal Commissioner. And now, a year in advance of any election, the *Sun* announce that we are a candidate for State Senator. That the *Sun* editor may not go stark mad we write now to assure Michael that we are not a candidate for any office. Bless you, Mr. Michael Kennedy, you can go to bed and rest your troubled brain in peace; we are not a candidate. There, there! now Fritzie, don't worry so much unnecessarily over *THE TELEGRAPH*.

—One day a group of millionaires who were sitting on the piazza of a hotel at a well known watering place, says a newspaper correspondent, began to chaff the late Emory A. Storrs in a solemn fashion. He had just confessed to them that he was not worth any money, and that he had spent everything that he had made as fast as he got it. Suddenly he turned upon one of his would-be tormentors and began: "You rich fellows appear to think that money-making is an intellectual process, and that the wealth acquired by you proves that you are a very superior kind of men. You are very much mistaken. There is nothing intellectual about acquisitiveness. It is merely an animal trait. It is less highly developed in you, gentlemen, than it is in the chipmunk. The beaver is very much your superior in this regard. Where are the rich men now in history? There are two only who live in the legends of literature—Dives, who survives on account of his fortunate connection with a pauper, and Croesus, because his name has been used by poets merely as a synonym. Gentlemen, where are the stockholders who built the Parthenon? Doubtless in their day they sat around in Athens and spoke of the fine work that Phidias was doing for them. But, gentlemen, who are the stockholders to-day, and where is Phidias?" He went on in this quaint way for fully half an hour, and when he had finished even the millionaires did not seem to think that they had the best of it.

—The Stiles farm, as it was called, being a part of the estate of the late Mrs. E. B. Stiles, was sold at auction in accordance with the terms advertised in this paper. A. C. Warner, deputy county Treasurer, purchased two hundred acres, on which is located the homestead, a fine residence recently erected. R. Beir, of this city, purchased two hundred acres on which is located the new tenement house, barn, carriage house and stables. It is rumored that Mr. Beir purchased this property for Eugene, son of the late E. B. Stiles, but Mr. Beir informs us that he holds it in his own name. Reed C. March bought eighty acres of timber. The entire property mentioned above sold for a little over twenty-three thousand dollars.

—"Loosh" Crooker is well known to most of the reader of *THE TELEGRAPH* and as he has hunted the wild duck in this vicinity from early boyhood, the following from the *St. Louis Republican* will be appreciated:

Asa Matthew, of Pike County, and Loosh Crooker, of Mendota, La Salle, have long been warm friends. "Ace," as Matthews is called, is of a rather poetic nature, given to loving flowers and the beautiful things in all nature, while Loosh is severely practical and coldly utilitarian. One time Ace and Loosh went gunning for ducks down on Spoon River, and as they were drifting along in their boat Ace spied some very beautiful flowers growing on the bank.

"O, Loosh," said he, "pull over to the bank there."

"What for?" asked Loosh.

"I want to pick some of those beautiful flowers."

"Flowers be—," said Loosh, "we are duck-hunting now."

"Yes, but I want some," urged Ace, reaching for an oar.

"Sh-h-h!" said Crooker, pointing down the river. "Ducks you d—d fool."

Sure enough, there were four or five fine-looking mallards tossing about on the water. The two men lay down in the boat and got their guns ready. Down, down the boat floated, and Crooker whispered:

"I'll take them in the water and you let 'em have it when they rise."

Bang, bang, went both barrels of Crooker's gun, but not a duck flew.

"Let 'em have it, Ace," said Crooker.

Bang, bang, went Matthews' gun, and then came a voice from the shore.

"Hi, there, you d—d idiots, you're shooting at my decoy ducks."

"Say, Ace," said Crooker, presently, "we'll go back and pick those flowers. You and I are too d—d big fools for duck-hunting; nature endowed us with just enough sense to sit on the banks of Spoon River and pick posies."

HE CORRUPTED HIS MASTER.

The Old Family Colored Servant Who Ran Away Every Autumn.
(Southern Bivouac.)

A well-to-do old farmer, in one of the best counties of middle Tennessee, owned a large number of slaves, and among them an old darkey about his own age, and whom he had known all his life. In fact, he was one of the "old family negroes" brought out from Virginia. Old "Sam" was a faithful, docile creature, a great favorite with his master, and a sort of privileged character on the plantation. The old fellow was industrious and exemplary in his behavior all the year round, except during the period dating from the time when roasting ears began to ripen and the earliest appearance of frost. Sam was invariably seized at that period with an invincible idea to "run away." It recurred as regularly as a fit of "hay fever," was as incurable, and like that unpleasant disorder could only be treated by change of air and locality.

Sam, understanding this, preferred to take his case in his own hands and administer the treatment in his own discretion. Of course, in such a case, the usual punishment inflicted on "runaway niggers" was not to be thought of. Remonstrance was unavailing. Sam declared: "He jes' couldn't he'p hisself," and it became a settled and understood arrangement, that he should go, and that the neighborhood should condone his raids on corn-fields and potato patches. After many such escapades, his old master asked him on one occasion, when the matter was under discussion:

"Sam do you really enjoy running away?"

"Deed, Marse, John," said Sam, "I does. Hits de moas' fun in de wurl. Coon huntin' ain't no whars to hit."

"Well, then," said Marse John, "just let me know the next time you take a notion to start, and I'll go with you, and try it a while myself."

Sure enough, in due season Sam came up, saying:

"Ols Marse, de time's mighty nigh when I 'bleeged to lile out. Ef you guine wid me, you better be gettin' ready, fer when de time comes I got to go quick."

"Old Marse" kept a bright look out, and when Sam started he was on hand.

They had a delightful time. They fished occasionally, caught possums, robbed orchards and watermelon and potato patches, picked blackberries for recreation, and haunted the greenest and shadiest nooks of the forest, all of which Sam knew well. "Old Marse" had never enjoyed a summer so much. If fact he was so much pleased that regularly afterward he accompanied Sam when the latter went into an annual retreat. At length Sam died. The old master grieved for him sorely. He was sad also over the reflection that his summer pastime would in future be denied him. But the amazement of all his friends, and not less his own, when roasting-ear time came again, the fit seized him as strong as ever, and he ran away by himself.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The postmaster general, after an investigation of insinuations against Mrs. Blackstone, of Paxton, Ill., has sent her a commission as postmistress.

W. W. Wheaton, ex-mayor of Detroit has made his appearance at Washington as a candidate for sergeant-at-arms, solidly backed by the Michigan delegation.

In an affray in Edgefield county, South Carolina, Robert Jones killed Edward Pressley and his sons, Edward and Charles, and then surrendered to the authorities.

Near Batavia, Ohio, about 2 o'clock Wednesday morning, a wagon containing five persons was thrown over an abutment into fifteen feet of water. Three of the party were drowned.

Lord Kenmore having peremptorily refused to reduce the rents on his Irish estates, his agent in County Kerry was terribly beaten by a party of tenants, and was obliged to abandon cattle he had seized.

The half-broods of St. Vital, Man., held a meeting to arrange for the funeral of Louis Riel, and sufficient money was contributed to pay the cost. Two days before the execution Riel's wife was delivered of a dead male child.

Negotiations are in progress between the officers of the Illinois Central and the Baltimore & Ohio roads for an arbitration of the dispute as to terminal facilities at Chicago, in order that a spacious depot may be erected on the lake front.

O'Donovan Rossa was last winter sued in Louisville for a whisky bill of \$82, and would have been jailed but for the kindness of John Gillen in giving bonds. Now the latter is being proceeded against for the amount involved, Rossa having dismissed the matter from his mind.

Charles W. Parker, a clothing merchant of Boston, having reason to suspect the family was being systematically poisoned, overhauled the flour barrel, and found in the center a handful of arsenic. A discharged cook has been arrested for an attempt at murder by wholesale.

It is stated on good authority that the Canadian Pacific company intends to ask parliament for \$10,000,000 to aid in the work of consolidating the railway system of the maritime provinces. The government will donate that portion of the International road between St. John and Halifax.

An evening train Wednesday carried from Chicago to El Paso, Ill., Mrs. Roy Goode and Miss Lillian Walter, the victims of the pistol of A. J. Burrus, last month. In an interview granted a reporter the ladies denied having written malicious letters to Mrs. Burrus, and declared they would push the prosecution to a close.

The Illinois board of agriculture has received from the Elgin board of trade a series of denunciatory resolutions for permitting the exhibition of counterfeit butter at the fat-stock show. On the contrary side, prominent cattle and hog breeders have presented a petition asking that the buttermine industry be placed on its legitimate footing and receive the encouragement of the department of agriculture.

An Injurious Custom.

(Demorest's Monthly.)

It is the custom of many housekeepers to use the water in which potatoes are boiled for making bread, generally mashing some of the potato also and putting into the flour. The very poisonous alkaloid solanine is contained in the potato, and is extracted by treating the potato with acidulated water. Hence the use of water in which potatoes have been cooked is not advisable.

Obscene Books in London.

(Pall Mall Gazette.)

Hundreds of obscene books are published, and sold every year by those who are considered by the outside public the most respectable of their trade. It is a superstition that these "queer" books are bought in Holywell street, but it is a great mistake. We know at least one large shop in the best part of the West End, where, if you are known, you can buy some of the most filthy and disgraceful literature that has ever been published. With regard to these "quibsy" books, as they are called in the trade, here is the opinion of a person who deals in them: "I think," said he, "that a gentleman ought to have just whatever he can pay for"—including stolen goods, we suppose.

Stove Repairs.

I can furnish all kinds of stove repairs on short notice.
5891f

CHARLES ANDRES.

Cut Flowers.

For Thanksgiving at Pankhurst's greenhouse. Leave orders early to secure choice flowers.
588w1.

No time should be lost; but consult Prof. Strassman at once for the safety of your eyes, and the great importance of obtaining correct glasses from him for the equalization and equilibrium of sight. The Prof. leaves in a few days.
81255

FLOUR AND FEED.

I have on hand at all times a full line of the above; comprising the very

Best Grades of Flour in the Market

—ALSO—

LIME AND OIL MEAL.

JOHN E. MOYER

The faithful use of six bottles of Dr. Carpenter's Calculi Resolvent will relieve or cure the worst cases of kidney, liver and bladder troubles, or money refunded upon application to the Calculi Resolvent Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by B. B. Higgins.

DIXON OPERA HOUSE

One Night Only.

Tuesday evening, Nov. 24th.

The popular English Actress

LOUISE BALFE,

—IN—

DAGMAR.

Reserved Seats on sale at Maxwell Bros. Saturday.

Popular Prices.

Brubaker & Carpenter

Are selling lots of

New Cloaks!

Now is the time to Make a Selection.

Another Lot of Children's Cloaks

JUST RECEIVED.

CARPETS

—AND—

OILCLOTHS

A Big Stock At Low Prices.

BRUBAKER & CARPENTER.

A CHANGE

A CHANGE!

—AN—

Entire Change of Programme This Evening.

Not one [hundred] words about "Hanging Lamps." We now wish to call your attention to our elegant line of

Silk & Plush & Dressing & Casses,

Odour Cases, &c.

A Beautiful Cut-Glass Bottle 50c.

AT HIGGINS'

Again, Always Ahead!

TILLSON & HAYDEN

Have the Largest, Loveliest and cheapest assortment of

Lamp Goods!

IN THE CITY.

Electric Lamps A Specialty.

TRUTHS' TRIUMPHANT TALE

Is that Tillson & Hayden's

CELEBRATED COUGH SYRUPS

Are the Best, and Most Reliable.

TRY A BOTTLE.

COLGATE'S SOAP,
TOILET WATERS,
FINE PERUMES,
POWDERS, &c.

Christmas is Coming!

—AT—

TILLSON & HAYDEN'S,

BLAND'S DOLLAR.

RUMORS AS TO THE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS ON SILVER

And Legal Tender—A Ruling on Pensions for Technical Deserters—The Vincent Case Again—Notes from the National Capital.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The Tribune's Washington City special says: There is reason to believe that the president will recommend the repeal of the Bland silver-dollar law and the coining of a new silver dollar which shall be the equivalent in value of the present gold dollar, and that one of the principal features of his tariff recommendations will be the enlargement of the free list, particularly in the direction of raw materials. Some think he will go so far as to recommend the repeal of the legal-tender act.

The question raised as to the effect of the official estimate of the value of the Russian ruble upon the wool tariff continues to be the subject of much discussion at the treasury. It is claimed that the decision that the customs service is bound by the mint bureau's estimates of the values of coin conflicts with the tariff on wool. The acceptance of a valuation based upon bullion value rather than value as money of account is objected to by treasury officials as illogical and opposed to the spirit of tariff legislation.

Titles to Land in New Mexico.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—Governor Ross, of New Mexico, in his annual report, places the population of the territory at 134,000, an increase of 15,000 within five years. The territory is represented to be in a prosperous condition. One drawback to settlement, which the governor thinks unjust, is popular prejudice against insecure titles to land. He says such insecurity does not exist to a greater extent than in other new countries where much of the land comes under Spanish grants. Many grants he says have been extended as to include public land, and he instances one tract which was increased from 800 to 2,300 acres in this way. Attention is called to the fact that many fraudulent titles have been manufactured and thus suspicion is cast on many good titles. These titles, adds the governor, are in worse condition than when the territory was annexed. He asks congress to appoint a commission to quiet titles to land in New Mexico. Attention is directed to many cases where land has been obtained by fraud in some instances through the connivance of officials. He recommends the construction of reservoirs in the mountains for irrigating purposes.

Think Vincent Is Making a Mistake.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—Referring to a Chicago dispatch published here to the effect that Judge Vincent's friends, among them Senator Cullom, would challenge the action of the president in removing Judge Vincent by contesting the confirmation of his successor, a prominent official said that the administration apprehended no trouble on that score. He thought Judge Vincent's friends were making a serious mistake in keeping his name before the country in the light of an injured individual, and that the government officials were in possession of facts demonstrating that however meritorious Judge Vincent might be in other essentials his appointment to the New Mexican bench was a mistake which would never have been made had the true situation been originally understood.

Couch and His Boomers Warned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—Upon representations made some time ago by J. Wade McDonald, counsel for the Oklahoma boomers, that they would not again violate the law by entering the forbidden territory, Secretary Lamar and Attorney General Garland agreed to have indictments against the boomers nolle prosequi in the courts. Since then the secretary has heard of renewed invasions by boomers, and on the 9th instant wrote to Mr. McDonald that it was with great disappointment the department learned of the renewal of the attempts at unlawful invasion of the territory. He assured counsel for the boomers that if in future Capt. Couch or any of them are caught, no leniency will be shown them.

The Yearly Catch of Counterfeiters.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—The annual report of Chief Brooks, of the secret service division of the treasury, shows that the agents of the service have made 444 arrests during the year of persons counterfeiting and passing counterfeit money, etc. The total amount of fines assessed was \$13,800. A large number of plates, molds, dies, presses, etc. were captured, besides large quantities of material used in counterfeiting. During the year a \$10 silver certificate and a \$10 national bank note were issued by counterfeiters and the gangs were captured, together with plates, etc. It is estimated by Chief Brooks that there is \$100,000 of base money now in the hands of counterfeiters.

A Pensions Ruling.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—On Sept. 4 Commissioner Black, of the pension office, made a ruling refusing to allow applications for pension in cases where the records of the war department showed that the applicant was a deserter. The commissioner has furnished an explanation of the intent of the ruling and a statement of its probable result on the work before the office. In answer to expressions of dissatisfaction that were called forth by the ruling he says it was in strict accordance with the law, and only seeks to confine the work of adjudication to those claims whose beneficiaries have clear records. So far, however, from operating as a stumbling block, it will tend to expedite business.

Curtiosities from Samoa.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—King Malleton, of Samoa, has made a present to President Cleveland of a number of articles of Samoan manufacture, which have been placed on exhibition in the National Museum. The collection consists of a kava bowl, a coconut cup, a rug made from the bark of the paper mulberry tree, and the complete wardrobe of a Samoan lady, the latter consisting merely of a girdle which are suspended fibres about two feet in length, of the inner bark of the mulberry tree.

Rascality in the Postoffice.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—The

annual report of Chief Postoffice Inspector West shows that 539 arrests were made by inspectors during the year. Of this number 203 were tried and convicted, and 239 await trial. During the year 439 postoffices were robbed, 236 burned, and 83 post-offices burned. Inspectors recovered and turned into the treasury from delinquent and ex-postmasters the sum of \$53,352.

A Report Denied.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—The state department officials positively deny that the president has made any request for papers in regard to the condition of our naturalized citizens in Austria and Germany, or that there is any truth whatever in the report to that effect telegraphed from this city Wednesday.

A SHOW OF CRAZY THINGS.

Quilts That Are Worth Thousands of Dollars, Perhaps.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—There is a crazy quilt show in progress here, and 2,500 articles are exhibited, no two alike—not all quilts, however. Among these latter the best one is a \$3,000 beauty that belongs to Mrs. Theodore Moss. The late John McCullough made her a present of it. He brought it from India. It is blue satin lined with cream silk and covered with Kensington embroidery, which was done in Japanese style by a Japanese boy. The "autograph quilt" is a \$1,000 novelty in white satin with silk stars. Every bit of silk bears an autograph written with pen and ink. Queen Victoria, the prince of Wales, Gladstone and his wife, Disraeli, Gen. Grant, President Cleveland, Cardinal Newman, Archdeacon Farrar, Edwin Booth, and several hundred other notables contribute their signatures. Mrs. Wright, of Minneapolis, exhibits a quilt that contains pieces of dress worn by the Empress Eugenie, Sara Jewett, Rose Coughlin, and a dress worn by an occupant of the White House is another novelty. Lots of the quilts are the work of gentlemen crazy-workers. Among these is the one that took William G. Milligan, a soldier in the British army, two and a half years to make. It consists of 8,700 tiny squares. Each square was cut from a uniform contributed by officers and soldiers in her majesty's service. The 8,700 pieces together are valued at \$3,000.

ACTUAL LOSS AT GALVESTON

About One Million Dollars—Opportunity for Those Benevolently Inclined.

GALVESTON, Nov. 19.—With the view of correcting an erroneous impression which has gone abroad of the actual losses incurred by the disastrous conflagration of the 13th inst., the following card has been issued:

I beg to state that the latest computation now places the losses at \$1,000,000 over and above insurance; 570 houses were burned, many of the occupants being without a dollar. The immediate necessity of those who have suffered have been liberally met by home contributions and other outside sources, but much can yet be done by those who being made aware of the actual facts may feel disposed to assist the worthy in the hour of their distress.

(Signed,) ROBERT SMITH, District Manager for R. G. Dun & Co.

Mitchell Elected Senator from Oregon.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 19.—J. H. Mitchell was elected United States senator Wednesday on the third ballot, the Democrats flocking to the support at a critical time. Mitchell's vote on the first ballot was 27, George H. Williams' 14, scattering 11. The Democrats voted solidly for Slater. On the second ballot three Republicans changed to Mitchell, making him 30. Then, as per agreement Tuesday night, seventeen Democrats voted for Mitchell, making him 47. It required 46 to elect. After this there were other changes, the ballot officially being, Mitchell, 55—of which 38 were Republicans and 17 Democrats—Williams, 13; Slater (Dem.) 23, scattering 2. The Democrats who voted for Mitchell justify their voting for a Republican by stating that he has pledged himself to support the Democratic National administration in whatever may be required of him. They voted for him under authority of the caucus, and so make the election a party act.

Grandson of Peter Cartwright in Trouble.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 19.—Quinn Harrison, a grandson of the Rev. Peter Cartwright, the pioneer Methodist minister, assaulted his sister, Mrs. A. Ely, of Chicago, Wednesday, breaking one of her ribs and inflicting, it is feared, internal injuries. Harrison's father, one of the richest farmers in Sangamon county, was buried Tuesday. The attack grew out of a dispute over the dead man's property, the family not having been able to find a will which they believe he made.

Years ago Harrison murdered Greek Croton, then a student in Abe Lincoln's law office.

In some way he escaped the penitentiary, and went to Kansas, whence he returned to attend his father's funeral. He will be held to await the result of Mrs. Ely's injuries.

Schaefer Beaten Again.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The third game of the tournament, the first between the old rivals, Jacob Schaefer and George Slosson, brought out the largest audience yet assembled in Central Music hall. The big French expert Vignaux had his first off night and occupied a place in the box his pretty wife had pre-empted for the first two nights of his struggle. Slosson took the game in hand from the start, and up to the tenth inning looked as though he would win "hands down." In that inning, however, Schaefer made 80 and Slosson followed with 83. In the 19th inning Schaefer made 71 and in the 20th rolled up 55 points—the best of the evening. In the 33d inning he ran 79. Slosson, however, played a steady game and at the close the score was: Slosson, 690; Schaefer, 501. Averages—Slosson, 18.6-35; Schaefer, 15.6-33.

A Boom in Stocks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—There was a veritable boom on the stock exchange Wednesday morning. Prices of stocks of every description advanced steadily from the opening up to noon on an enormous buying. Transactions were the largest in years, and in the two hours to noon alone fully 420,000 shares changed hands. The stocks especially prominent, both in point of strength and activity, were Indiana, Bloomington & Western, Lake Erie & Western, Jersey Central, Kansas & Texas, St. Paul and Lake shore.

MILLION AND A HALF

WANTED BY THE CATTLEMEN TO FIGHT EPIDEMICS.

Congress Called Upon to Take Action in the Matter—Facts About Dairies—Bogus Butter Discussed and Resolutions Passed—Adjournment.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The national convention of cattle-growers resumed its session Wednesday morning at the Sherman house. Mr. Thomas Sturgis, of Cheyenne, read a paper on the subject of live-stock diseases and the mode of their prevention. He held that increased power should be given to the national bureau of animal industry, so that it might be able to appraise and slaughter diseased animals. Quarantine should also be enforced to prevent the introduction of pleuro-pneumonia or any other disease. The federal and state governments should both join in the movement of crushing out disease by slaughtering the infected animals. There should be larger appropriations both for national and state boards engaged in the work, and also to enforce more rigidly the quarantine laws.

The committee on resolutions, by Dr. Eames, recommended the appointment of a finance committee of five members, who should be empowered to raise funds to defray the expenses of setting on foot proper measures to secure legislation to protect the cattle interests. It also suggested the appointment of a committee to present to the approaching session of congress the following measures:

For the perfecting of existing laws; for the creation of adequate provision for national oversight and control of cattle diseases under the direction of the commissioner of agriculture; for the appropriation of not less than \$1,500,000 for such oversight and control; for the employment of a sufficient number of expert and competent men; for the payment by the general government of a reasonable valuation, upon the basis of value prior to infection, for animals slaughtered on account of disease, and for the due enforcement of such laws.

A general discussion arose on the proposition that the United States government should pay for diseased cattle on appraisal, in the course of which Gen. N. M. Curtis, of New York, referred to the decided reasons with which, when governor of the state of New York, President Cleveland had favored effective measures to stamp out diseased cattle and to remove restrictions upon the importation of cattle shipped, as an evidence that he was personally and officially in favor of the measures proposed. The resolutions were adopted.

President Alvord read a paper on the dairy as a part of the cattle question. He said the continued fertility of the soil was essential to the prosperity of this country, and the keeping of domestic live stock properly maintained was essential to profitable agriculture. The keeping of stock was the salvation of the land, and would be the shortest method of rejuvenating the eastern states, and of preserving the fertility of the western states. The dairy interest represented one-half the cattle interest. The dairy cattle represented a value of \$13,000,000, of which \$5,000,000 represented the production of butter, \$1,000,000 cheese, and \$4,000,000 milk supply. The growth of the dairy interest was shown by the fact that a patent for a churn has been applied for every fortnight since the patent office was opened. There were 6,000 butter and cheese factories now in existence, with a product of \$26,000,000. The average product of cows was only 400 pounds of milk, although in the dairy milk districts cows gave 500 pounds a month, and there were cases of cows giving 800 or 900 pounds, while pure-bred dairy cows gave 1,200 to 1,400 pounds of milk. The quality of the milk given by cows should be developed rather than the increase in number. The market was crowded with bogus butter and skimmed cheese, and both of them were frauds on the consumer. For skimmed cheese the dairymen themselves were responsible, and it was from their hands that it got on the market. The imitation butter was sold by the retailer as pure butter. Legislation in New York to prevent the use of bogus butter had failed of any good effect, but the enforcement of the act covering the branding of cheese had restored some confidence to the market.

Instead of endeavoring to pass new legislation, they should resolve to make individual effort. They could do more by this than in any other way. The cow itself was not going to desert them through any Armourous entanglement with the western bog. Unfortunately it was a fact that at present of all the bogus butter on the market a larger part was more clean and palatable than the real dairy butter. The most promising field of effort for dairymen was in trying to alter these conditions.

It was resolved by the convention that the manufacture and sale of all compounds intended to take the place of butter should be so regulated by the state and natural laws that they shall be put upon the markets under their own names, and that all manufacturers of butter who shall introduce into the product any foreign matter for the purpose of adulterating or cheapening it shall be compelled by proper laws to mark all such adulterated compounds.

The convention called on each association which had delegates present to endeavor to aid in the suppression of contagious diseases. It decided to urge the governors of the states to recommend to their respective legislatures the passage of proper laws authorizing the appointment of sanitary boards. Resolutions regarding the restricting of the free shipment of southern cattle liable to be affected with Texas fever were presented and laid on the table.

After listening to a report on beef canning the convention adjourned without day.

Convicted of Slaying His Sister.

ATCHISON, Kan., Nov. 19.—At 6 o'clock Wednesday morning the jury in the Willie Baldwin case returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. The verdict gave great satisfaction, and crowds congratulated the jurors. It is believed a different verdict would have caused violence. When the verdict was announced the condemned man's mother caused an affecting scene. Baldwin was charged with the murder of his sister, July 7, so as to get a larger share of his dead father's estate. The supposition is that he chloroformed his victim and robbed the house to make the crime appear like the work of burglars.

FOUND!

At the store of

J. H. PRATT & CO.'S

MAIN STREET, - DIXON, ILLS.

A complete stock of

Boots and Shoes

SLIPPERS, RUBBERS

—AND—

Winter Goods

That will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH!

Come and be convinced. No trouble to Show Goods.

Repairing Neatly Done.

J. H. PRATT & CO.

J. H. PRATT. F. E. WRIGHT.

INSURANCE.

LEADING COMPANIES.

Fire and Accident

J. V. THOMAS

Opera Block, Dixon.

C. GOMNERMAN

Round Corner B'k. Dixon Ill

Manufacturer and dealer in

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SETS, BEDROOM SETS, EASY CHAIRS, CAMP CHAIRS, RATTAN GOODS

and everything in the line

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

UNDERTAKING.

I have increased my stock of Coffins, Caskets and General Funeral Supplies, and hereafter I will furnish a

Hearse Without Extra Charge

Repairing of All Kinds

Call And Examine Goods

Prices Reasonable.

JOB PRINTING

THE TELEGRAPH HAS A COMPLETE JOB PRINTING OFFICE, STEAM PRESSES, A GREAT VARIETY OF TYPE AND FACILITIES WHICH FEW OFFICES POSSESS FOR DOING GOOD WORK ON SHORT NOTICE.

PARIS

STEAM LAUNDRY!

226 Washington Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

Benjamin Brothers, Proprietors.

Orders left at Todd's Store, Dixon, will receive prompt attention, at home prices, express free.

A. C. & E. F. Benjamin.

DELAND & CO'S

CAHILL'S SALERATUS SODA Best in the World. For sale by TURNEY & HENESKY

M. CAHILL,

The Tailor

And dealer in

WOOLENS,

One door west of the Lee Co. National Bank, Main Street, Dixon, has now on hand and is receiving

As Fine A Line of Goods, Foreign and Home Manufacture

As Can be Found West of Chicago

Which will be made up

At Reasonable Prices

Cash, or Prompt Paying Customers.

H. J. DREW,

—Dealer in—

GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS, POWDER, SHOT

And all kinds of

Sporting Supplies.

Re-Boring Shot Guns for Close Shooting a Specialty.

Gun stocks crooked to any desired drop, so that the gun is actually "fitted to the hunter." Mr. Drew has quite a fame for this work. He has the

FINEST LOT OF GUNS

Outside the Large Cities. Sewing Machines, Repaired and adjusted, and made to run as good as new. Remember the place on Green Street, near the bridge, Dixon, Ill.

CLARK & ANDERSON.

ORNAMENTAL.

HOUSE, SIGN and CARRIAGE

PAINTING

Office over Rosenbalt's clothing, Dixon, Ills.

Klossowski & Frank.

New Millinery Store

Corner Main and Hennepin St.

Mrs. Klossowski & Frank have opened a New Millinery Store and respectfully solicit customers. They are now receiving a stock of Millinery and Embroidery of Latest Styles.

In addition to our new stock of Fancy Goods, we have added a full line of the latest and most graceful designs for Art Embroidering and Kensington Patching, and are prepared to do stamping by the French process; guaranteed perfect.

A GIFT Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you FREE a royal, valuable, sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money at once, than any thing else in America. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Capital not required. We will start you. Immen- sely sure for those who start at once. 516nd 5591 STINECO & Co., Portland, Maine.

AT BAYONET'S POINT.

SERVIANS AND BULGARIANS GET TO CLOSE QUARTERS.

Conflicting Accounts as to the Victims—Alexander Leads His Men—Russia Sets a Limit—Greece Spoiling for a Fray—From Burmah.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A telegram from Sofia says that the Bulgarians, after desperate fighting, have carried every one of the Servian positions which were menacing Slivnitza. Prince Alexander led the Bulgarian columns in person.

From Belgrade the report is that an official dispatch relative to the engagements near Slivnitza says that after heavy fighting Prince Alexander was forced to retreat to Slivnitza. Both sides lost heavily. A sharp fight has occurred on the left of the Servian advance line, where both forces hold their positions.

These dispatches are from Bulgarian and Servian sources respectively.

LATER.—The Daily News Sofia correspondent confirms the Bulgarian victory at Slivnitza.

The Daily News war correspondent telegraphs that the Servians lost at the battle of Slivnitza ten cannon, 306 horses and an estimated number of 3,000 men killed and wounded.

A telegram from Belgrade says an official report from the front states that the Servians entered Bresnik. The town has been abandoned by the Bulgarians, who, in their haste to get away, left eight guns behind them. The capture of Bresnik leaves that route open to Sofia. The Bulgarian army of the Widdin district may be considered completely destroyed and dispersed. At Bresnik 161 prisoners and a number of rifles were taken.

Russia has announced, as has before been tacitly understood, that Serbia will be checked after her occupation of Sofia, which is now regarded as a foregone conclusion. Bulgaria has far from strengthened her cause among the powers by blockading the Danube below Widdin. Such a course is so gross a violation of international law and of the Berlin treaty, especially, that it seems impossible the blockade can have been sanctioned by Prince Alexander.

The following Servian account is from Tzaribrod: The Servians found the Bulgarians of unexpected strength at Slivnitza. The Servians, after continuous fighting for eighteen hours, are slowly pressing Prince Alexander toward Sofia, the Bulgarians disputing every inch. Thirty thousand Servians were engaged in Tuesday's fighting at Slivnitza.

A dispatch from Sofia says: Troops are arriving here from Roumelia. Twenty-five thousand Servians were engaged near Slivnitza, while there were only 15,000 Bulgarians in the engagement. There was desperate fighting at Slivnitza Wednesday. The Bulgarians forced the Servian right wing back at the point of the bayonet for several kilometers with great losses. It is reported that the Servians fired upon the Red Cross ambulances.

VIENNA, Nov. 19.—From information received from Bulgarian sources it is gathered that a force of the Bulgarian militia has penetrated Servian territory and captured 150 persons. It is also stated that the Servians are retreating from several of their advanced positions in Bulgaria. The Bulgarians are said to have successfully resisted several Servian attacks in the Drago-man pass.

Greece Will Have to Fight.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Telegraph says it is almost certain that Greece will be compelled to engage in war to preserve her rights. A Greek naval captain is now on his way to London to purchase war vessels for his government.

The Porte Protests.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 19.—The porte has formally protested to the powers against the invasion of Bulgaria by Servia and declaring that Turkey reserves her military rights in Bulgarian territory.

British Success in Burmah.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The capture of the Minia forts was effected Wednesday after three hours fighting, in which the Burmese acquitted themselves much more creditably than had been anticipated. Their antiquated weapons of defense, however, were wholly inadequate to resist the twenty-pounders of the British, handled with the precision and coolness born of experience. The hardest fighting the English will have to do will probably be on the way to Mandalay, whither they are now marching. The fanaticism of the Burmese may be relied on to defend the capital to the uttermost, but the result is not doubtful.

Long Coal Strike Ended.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 19.—The long coal strike of over 5,000 coal miners in the Monongahala valley for 3 cents per bushel was virtually settled Wednesday at a conference between representatives of both sides. A resolution was passed that 2½ cents should be the rate paid in the first, second and third pools, and 2 cents in the fourth. The majority of the works will be in operation by the first of next week. The labor leaders are well pleased with the result of the conference. The miners are suffering and need work.

Says Riel Was Insane.

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 19.—Dr. Clark, medical superintendent of the Toronto insane asylum, and considered the best insanity expert in Canada, examined Riel at the time of his trial. He stated Wednesday that Riel was a full maniac and had been committed to an asylum in Washington (U. S.) and Longue Point, Montreal. His visions, dreams and prophecies were the result of a diseased mind. He was not a crank like Guiteau, but was intermittently insane from boyhood. He should have been confined for life.

Mackin's Fate Decided.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—That Joseph C. Mackin must suffer the punishment for his offense which the criminal court imposed is now beyond all doubt. The supreme court Wednesday sent to Clerk Stephens the proceedings affirming the decision of the lower court and ordering the execution of the sentence. Sheriff Hanchett said Wednesday night that Mackin would be taken to Joliet either on the noon or evening train Thursday. His counsel has filed

the papers for a rehearing, but this will not prevent him going to the penitentiary.

Episcopal Anniversary.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—The fiftieth anniversary of the reorganization of the Domestic and Foreign Episcopal Missionary society, and of the consecration of Dr. Kemper, the first missionary bishop, was commemorated Wednesday in Christ church. Among the participants were Bishop Lee, of Delaware; Boddell, of Ohio; Howe, of Pennsylvania, and Garrett, of Texas. Bishop Whipple, of Minnesota, preached the sermon.

A Philadelphia dispatch reports that orders have this week been given for 30,000 tons of steel rails, at prices ranging from \$23 to \$33 per ton.

Her Majesty's Signature.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The queen signed the proclamation dissolving parliament Wednesday. Her majesty's signature is written in a bold, distinct hand across the top of a broad sheet of parchment. A special gazette was issued announcing the prorogation, and writs giving notice to the electors of the approaching general elections have been posted.

A Botanist's Birthday Present.

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—Professor Asa Gray, of Harvard, the world-renowned botanist, passed his 75th birthday Wednesday. His professional friends presented him with a very valuable silver vase filled with flowers named by him or for him in embossed work.

JOHN McCULLOUGH'S DEATH.

Blood Poisoning Declared to Have Been the Cause.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—An autopsy on the brain of the late John McCullough was held Wednesday morning in the receiving vault at Monument cemetery. It was conducted by Dr. Hugo Engel, professor of nervous diseases and clinical medicine at the Medico-Chirurgical college of this city, who attended the tragedian after his removal to this city from the Bloomingdale asylum, assisted by Charles K. Mills, M. D., lecturer on nervous diseases at the University of Pennsylvania, and professor at the Poly-Clinic, and by Frank Woodbury, M. D., professor of therapeutics at Medico-Chirurgical college, and editor of The Philadelphia Medical Times. There were present a number of other physicians and surgeons connected with the colleges and hospitals of the city.

The brain was removed, and with scalpel and scissors Drs. Engel and Mills made a careful examination. On its outer coating numerous granulations were found and the veins were discovered to be congested. Beneath this coating was a whitish gray deposit which Dr. Engel declared carried out his theory that the cause of death was blood poisoning and not progressive insanity, as had been asserted by the Bloomingdale asylum physicians. The matter over the cerebellum was thick and murky, and the tissues were very adherent, it being almost impossible to separate the two anterior lobes of the brain. The removal of the pia mater from the anterior lobe was found extremely difficult, and the walls of the brain were much harder than is normal. The right and left middle cerebral and the basilar artery were taken out and retained for microscopical examination. All the main arteries were fully one-half less in caliber than is normal. The brain was not half as soft as is usually found in a person dead as long as forty-eight hours. It was unusually large and the skull very thick. The skull cap was symmetrical and the brain was very highly developed. There were no marks of what is termed general paresis. At the conclusion of the examination a consultation of the physicians present was had and a statement signed declaring that McCullough's disease was of the blood vessels of the brain, caused by blood poisoning.

The autopsy is stated to have fully substantiated Dr. Engel's theory that McCullough's mental aberration was due to the disease known as "thrombosis," which is the gathering of a thrombus or a clot of blood in one of the arteries, thus blocking the free circulation of the blood through the brain.

CREMATED BY BLAZING OIL.

Five Lives Lost at Philadelphia by an Oil Explosion.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—While fifteen men were repairing a large iron still at the Philadelphia Lubricating company's works Wednesday it exploded and tilted over, pouring out its 150 gallons of crude oil in a fiery mass. The following were burned to death: Alexander Banks, recently from Pittsburgh; Joseph Robinson, of Delaware; Patrick Boyle, Arthur Gruebler, Charles Marshall, a boy.

Charles McLean was also burned about the head and extremities, and will probably die. The cause of the explosion is unknown. Alexander Banks was working immediately under the tank when the explosion took place. While the rescuing party was in search of the victims his body was observed, as the wind carried the smoke away, lying on the ground close to the foundation wall and surrounded by blazing oil. One of the men named Michael Cavanaugh, volunteered to rescue him, and, notwithstanding the protests of his companions, crawled along on the ground after one of the firemen had saturated his clothes with water. When within reach of the unfortunate man he grasped his right foot, and when he made an effort to draw the body out the foot parted from it. Cavanaugh dropped it and hastily reached a place of safety, leaving the body to the flames. Cavanaugh's face and hands were badly burned.

A few minutes after Cavanaugh escaped the tank fell, and Banks' body was hidden from view. Charles McLean and Arthur Gruebler were also found lying close to the burning still. Several other men who were working close to the still at the time of the explosion were also burned.

The loss will reach about \$30,000; insurance \$17,000.

THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

Calls for Less Mud and Rascality in Politics, and Fewer Elections.

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—At Wednesday's session of the National Grange the following was adopted: Resolved, That above all party considerations stands the American government, its constitution and laws. We deplore the

frequent inhuman and unwarrantable attacks upon the private character of candidates for official position.

We notice in our national elections a serious interruption of every business industry and a general demoralization of public sentiment, whereby the voice of people is silenced by fraud, corruption and bribery, from which no party is exempt. Considerations call for prompt national and state legislation to remedy such evils. Experience calls for fewer elections, and we recommend that all state elections be biennial instead of annual.

Officers for the ensuing term were elected as follows: Worthy master, Hon. P. Darden, of Mississippi; worthy overseer, James C. Draper, of Massachusetts; secretary, John Trimble, of Washington, D. C.

Don't Seem to Approve of Such Things.

QUITMAN, Ga., Nov. 19.—The building used as a colored female seminary in this town was destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock Wednesday morning. Several months ago northern Methodists purchased the building. The citizens objected strongly to the location of a negro institute on the site, and every effort was made to effect an agreement which would change the location to another part of the town. Soon after the opening of the school an unsuccessful attempt was made to assassinate the principal by shooting him at night after calling him to his door. No lives were lost by the fire, the origin of which is a mystery, but is thought to be incendiary. Mrs. Rutherford B. Hayes is said to be one of the ladies interested in the school.

Beach and Hanlan to Row Again.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19.—An international single-scul race is to be arranged for the championship of the world between Beach, of Australia, and Hanlan. The challenge issued by R. K. Fox, offering to match Hanlan against Beach for \$5,000, a side has been accepted by William Deable, Beach's backer, and he has written to The Police Gazette that he will cover the forfeit, the match to take place two months hence.

Annual Convention of Architects.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—The second annual convention of the Western Association of Architects was opened in the entertainment hall of the exposition building at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. One hundred and fifty members were present.

Railway Fares in Illinois.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The railway commissioners of this state have adopted the following rule governing fares:

"The passenger rate on each of said roads shall not be to exceed 3 cents per mile for the transportation of any person with ordinary baggage, not exceeding 150 pounds in weight, and one-half above rate for children between 5 and 12 years of age; also, a charge of 10 cents may be added to the fare of any passenger when the same is paid upon the cars, if a ticket might have been procured within a reasonable time before the departure of the train. No road will be required to carry a passenger for less than 5 cents and the fare shall be 8 cents per mile for any distance of three or more miles. In computing fares the distance shall be multiplied by the rate, and when the fraction of 1 cent is one-half or over it shall be reckoned as 1 cent, and for a fraction of less than ½ cent the same shall not be computed. To take effect Dec. 1, 1895."

Humanitarians in Conference.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—The ninth annual convention of the American Humane society met in the parlors of the Southern hotel Wednesday morning. Delegates from all the principal humane societies of the country were present. The business of the meeting consists of the disposal of routine matters and the presentation of elaborate papers upon humane subjects.

Maurice Daly's Challenge.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Maurice Daly, who won the cushion carom championship in 1883, has issued a challenge to play any billiardist in the world a match game of cushion caroms, 500 points up, the winner of the Chicago tournament preferred.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18.

The market quotations on the board of trade, to-day, were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 November, opened 90½c, closed 89½c; December, opened 90½c, closed 89½c; January, opened 91½c, closed 90½c. Corn—No. 2 November, opened 44c, closed 43½c; December, opened 43½c, closed 42½c; year, opened 42½c, closed 42½c. Oats—No. 2 November, opened 27½c, closed 28½c; December, opened 27½c, closed 28½c; May, opened 31½c, closed 31½c. Pork—December, opened \$8.70, closed \$8.83½; January, opened \$8.65, closed \$8.82½; February, opened \$8.77½, closed \$8.90; Lard—December, opened \$6.20, closed \$6.17½.

Live Stock—The Union Stock yards report the following range of prices: Hogs—The markets opened only moderately active. Prices 5c lower; light grades, \$3.10 to \$3.60; rough packing, \$3.35 to \$3.55; heavy packing and shipping lots, \$3.55 to \$3.75. Cattle—Steady; shipping, \$3.40 to \$3.40; butchers, \$2.00 to \$4.00; stockers \$2.30 to \$4.00. Sheep—Weak; common, \$1.75 to \$2.50; good, \$2.50 to \$3.50.

Produce: Butter—Fancy creamery, 24¢ to 25¢; good dairy, 16¢ to 17¢; packing, 7¢ to 8¢ per lb. Eggs—Choice fresh-laid, 20¢ per doz. Potatoes—Early rose, 35¢ to 45¢ per bu; Burbanks, 45¢ to 55¢; mixed lots, 35¢ to 40¢, all on track in car-lots: sweet potatoes, \$1.10 to \$1.15 per bbl. Poultry—Chickens, 6¢ to 7¢ per lb.; turkeys, 8¢ to 9¢; ducks, 8¢ to 9¢; geese, 6¢ to 8¢, and prairie chickens, \$4.00 to \$4.50 per doz. Apples—Choice to fancy, \$1.00 to \$1.85, and seconds, \$1.00 to 1.50 per bbl.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18. Wheat—No. 2 red winter December, 95c bid; do January, \$1.00½ bid; do February, \$1.02 bid. Corn—No. 2 mixed, November, 55½c; do December, 54½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 35½c December. Rye—Dull and unchanged. Barley—Nominal. No. 2 Canada, 78c. Pork—Dull; mess, \$9.75 to \$10.00. Lard—\$6.45 December; \$6.55 January.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Nov. 18. Wheat—Easy and quiet; cash or November, 90½c; December, 90½c bid; January, 98½c; February, 90½c; May, \$1.04½. Corn—Quiet and steady; cash, 45c bid; November, 44c bid; year, nominally, 45c; January, 39½c; May, 40½c. Oats—Firm; cash, 28c; May, 33c. Clover Seed—Firm; cash or November, \$3.50; December, \$3.60; January, \$3.67½; February, \$3.72½.

Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 18. Wheat—Steady; No. 1 white cash, 93½c; May, \$1.02½; No. 2 red cash, 93½c; December, 98½c; January, 97½c; May, 94c. No. 3 red cash, 85c. Corn—Cash, 45c bid. Oats—No. 2 cash, 31c bid.

A Crooked Postmaster Suicides.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Postoffice Inspector Metcalf received word Wednesday morning that on Nov. 15 A. R. Brown, postmaster at Shepardsville, Mich., had disappeared under suspicious circumstances. Inspector E. C. Turner was dispatched there at once. He arrived the next day and found the postmaster had returned and committed suicide in his room over the postoffice by taking strychnine. On investigating the office no report could be found, and in a waste-basket was discovered the remnants of a registered letter addressed to D. S. Shelly, Ionia, Mich., from J. M. Kosht, Shepardsville, Mich. The letter had been rifled of \$31. Part of the money was found on the body of Brown and identified. The office was taken charge of by the bondsmen of the late postmaster.

Cavalazzi Is the Proper Caper.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The performance of "La Favorita" at the Academy of Music by the Mapleson Opera company Wednesday evening, brought forward another debutante, Mlle. Virginia Pervini. The lady has a fine stage presence, but did not create on the whole a particularly favorable impression. The honors of the evening were carried off by Signor De Anna and Mme. Cavalazzi, the premiere danseuse. The efforts of those artists, particularly the latter, saved the performance from being tedious. Mme. Cavalazzi, who was frequently recalled and overwhelmed with floral offerings, completely overshadowed the prima donna and earned fully two-thirds of the applause of the night.

The Children's Sad Inheritance.

[Huxley.] Nothing in this life, to me, is sadder than the fact that a man, watching the development of his children, doomed to see his own peculiarities, his own faults—the things which he condemns in himself—cropping out in them. They may have his good traits too. But nothing that he can do will prevent those old faults from coming out in them.

Homely Advice.

[Waterbury American.] Weddings are the order of the hour. Here's a bit of homely advice for you all, young friends: The longer you keep up your courting, the longer marriage will be invested for you with the rainbow colors it now wears, and which it ought to wear so long as life lasts.

Dinner Knives.

The latest wrinkle in Boston society are dinner knives with silver handles, on which are raised crabs, fish, and various kinds of game. They are used at fashionable game dinners, a change of device being made with each course.

A New Ornament.

Two owls perched on the trunk of a tree, in which is a thermometer and on which is the legend, "Two Orphans," is a new new ornament for the library or sitting-room table.

WANTED.

WANTED—Men, women, boys and girls can have work at their own home in a new business where no peddling is required; from \$1 to \$10 a day can be made; 12 samples that will commence work on sent free. Inclose six cent stamps for postage and advertising and address HUNT & CO., W. Acton, Mass. 829 549ml

WANTED—Light and graceful employment furnished Ladies and Misses the year round at their homes. Work so simple that a child can learn it. Long established. Patterns and full particulars sent for 10 cents, including certificates from lady workers and many endorsements of the Press. Call or address, INDUSTRIAL ART EXCHANGE, 103 14th St., cor. 6th Ave., New York. 829 549ml

WANTED—Young Ladies in city or country to work for us at their homes; fascinating employment; no instructions to buy; work be sent by mail (distance no objection); \$5 per week can be made. No canvassing, part time, or sample of work mailed for four days in stamps. Please address HOME MANUFACTURING CO., Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 1916. CTUR 822 506m3

AGENTS, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—Wanted: Live agents for Stomach Remedy. Price \$1.00; an indestructible sham pillow, and sold at one-twentieth of its size; guaranteed to outwear a dozen stuffed pillows, can be placed under the head or anywhere out of the way when the bed is occupied; good canvassers make from \$4.00 to \$5.00 a day. From its novel and peculiar construction the pillow commands attention and housekeepers invariably buy; over \$2,000 sold since Feb. 1st. Acknowledged to be the fastest selling household article known. Retail \$2.00 per pair. Address, THE PIQUA MFG CO., Piqua, Ohio.

WANTED—An active man or woman in every county to sell our goods. Salary \$75 per month and expenses, or commission. Expenses in advance. Outfit free. For full particulars, address STANDARD SILVERWARE CO., Boston, Mass. 826 534 ml

FOR SALE.

GOOD COTTAGE HOUSE near Central depot. Also for sale a Democrat covered wagon. 576w4 THOR, CHATEL.

"CANDEE"

Rubber Boots

DOUBLE THICK BALL.

Ordinary Rubber Boots always wear out first on the ball. The CANDEE Boots are double thick on the ball, and give

DOUBLE WEAR.

Most economical rubber boot in the market. Lasts longer than any other boot, and the

PRICE NO HIGHER.

Call and examine the goods.

COMMON SENSE IDEA

DOUBLE THICK BALL.

FOR SALE BY

J. B. FARGO Dixon, Ill.

C. H. FARGO & CO.,

Wholesale Agents Candee Co.

CHICAGO.

DOWNS' PATENT SELF-ADJUSTING CORSET



The above cut is a correct representation, showing a Corded Center Piece with covered Silk Elastic Gores above and below, which allow of perfect freedom in stooping, sitting or reaching the arm above the head, as the Corset adapts itself to every motion of the body, and gives grace to the wearer, and is at the same time, the most perfect Corset in the market. None genuine unless stamped on inside of Corset. For sale by

STERN BROS., June 5 '85. Dixon Ills.

CARPENTER'S CALCULI RESOLVENT

VALUABLE DISCOVERY.

Bright's Disease, Gravel, and all Liver and Kidney Diseases,

the result of Calculi or Stone composed of carbonates of lime and magnesia, etc., precipitated in the vital organs by the elimination of the carbonic acid gas from our drinking water, and vegetables, which contain these carbonates in large quantities.

UTERINE INFLAMMATION and other diseases of females have the same aggravating cause. Calculi also form in the Hepatic Duct causing derangement of the Liver and introducing a train of Stomach Diseases, as Dyspepsia, accompanied by Sour Stomach and Impaired Breath. Other results of Calculi are Pains in the Back and Limbs, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and General Lassitude accompanied by derangement of the vital and secretory organs.

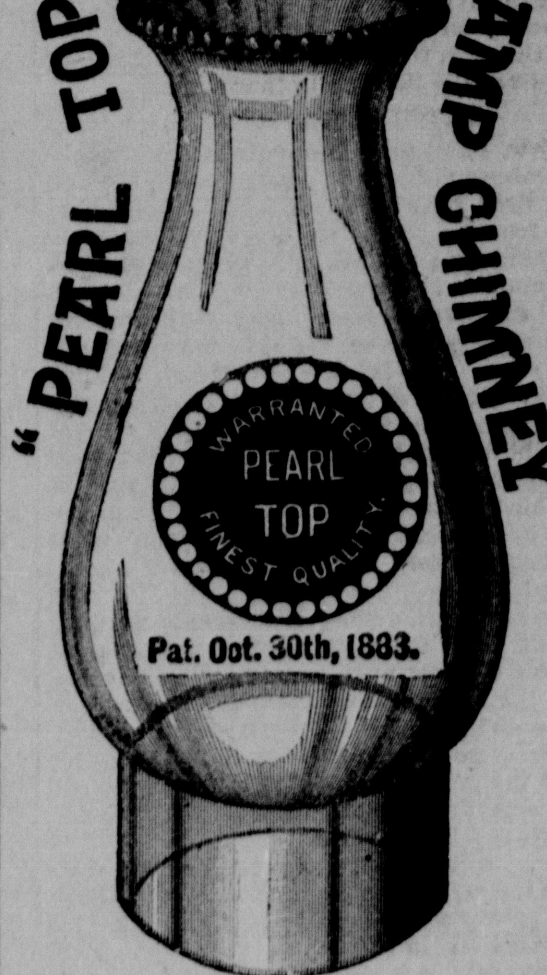
These Calculi are the same (with the addition of uric acid) as the deposits found in every teakettle. Calculi Resolvent disintegrates and causes them to pass away in fine particles without injury to the organs themselves, and cures the resultant disease, a result long sought by medical science, but never before attained.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price \$1 per Bottle. Made only by the Calculi Resolvent Manufacturing Company, 70 Water St., Cleveland, O.

Sold by B. B. Higgins, Druggist, 811 1/2 44th St.

IMMUNITY FROM ANNOYANCE

"PEARL TOP" LAMP CHIMNEY



Made only of the finest and best quality of glass for withstanding heat.

Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright glass.

Manufactured ONLY by

GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.

Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

TAILORING,

Cleaning and Repairing.

ED. GIBILL has opened a Tailoring shop on E. 6th street, over Parks & Kurtz's shoe store. He invites patronage and will endeavor to please all. 591H

JOHN GUTHRIE,

Architect and Builder.

Plans and specifications for all kinds of building furnished on short notice. Terms Reasonable. Address, Dixon, Ill. Residence in north Dixon, near residence of E. C. Sickels.

John Guthrie.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R. R.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Sterling Passenger	7:02, A. M.
Pacific Express	10:35, "
Marshalltown Passenger	2:05, P. M.
Leaves	2:20, "
Denver Passenger	3:10, A. M.
Freight	3:57, P. M.
Freight	7:47, A. M.
Freight	1:43, P. M.

GOING WEST.

Sterling Passenger	7:42, P. M.
Pacific Express	3:42, "
Marshalltown Passenger	12:45, "
Denver Passenger	1:37, A. M.
Freight (except Monday)	5:48, "
Freight	12:25, P. M.
Freight	3:00, "
Freight	5:40, "

*Freights carrying passengers.
Pacific Express runs every third Sunday.

H. E. HAND, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger	11:10, A. M.
Passenger	3:30, "
New Passenger	5:57, P. M.
Freight	5:58, A. M.
Freight	9:32, P. M.

GOING NORTH.

Passenger	2:15, P. M.
Passenger	12:37, A. M.
New Passenger	6:16, A. M.
Freight	8:15, "
Freight	3:30, A. M.

W. C. WOOLEY, Agent

*Freight trains carrying passengers.

LOOKING FOR NESTS.

PREDATORY HANDS WHICH THE BIRDS SOON LEARN TO FEAR.

An Old Taxidermist's Story—Studying the Peculiarities of Bird Nature—Exchange of Eggs Among Collectors—Preserving the Eggs.

[New York Sun.]

"The best way to learn the habits of birds is in making a collection of their eggs," said an old taxidermist in a down-town street as he wound a ball of tow around a small but stiff wire, and then inserted the same into the skin of a meadow lark that lay before him on the table. The shop was filled with mounted birds in every position. Big cranes stood up in corners and peered with lifelike naturalness out at the cases in which flocks of smaller birds hovered in and about artificial trees. These little groups were beautifully arranged, and the birds well-chosen. A hawk and a kingbird, sworn enemies, did not rest together on the same bough, nor was a water bird holding a tete-a-tete with a land bird.

"Some will tell you," said the old man, "that shooting birds to make bird skins of them is a better way, but I believe in egg collecting, for then you do not kill the bird but simply watch its habits and learn a little of bird life. Then, in making a collection of bird skins you cannot mount them all and must pack them away in boxes, where they are no use to your friends. Now, take this meadow lark for an instance. How many times you have seen one of this bird's brothers—for it is a male, the brighter plumage shows that—as he walks rapidly through the lately-mown meadow, or perhaps resting on the top of one of the hay stacks, yet how few have ever discovered the nest tunneled under a tuft of grass in the old field. The little hollow is lined with soft grasses and a cozier little home can not be found, for the old bird is there to protect the eggs from the meadow mole that runs over the field and other enemies.

STUDYING BIRD NATURE.

"Now, mind you, I do not advocate wholesale robbery of nests, as the small boys do who, fired with zeal to make a collection, not from a love of observing birds and studying bird nature, but because the eggs are pretty and some other boy has a collection, rob every robin's nest within reach. They all ought to be whipped for every egg they steal. But for a true lover of natural history there is no more pleasing occupation. The danger of depopulation of the rarer birds is not great, for in the first place their nests are very hard to find, and the true bird lover will not take the eggs of the same species but once. Besides, most birds will immediately lay another set of eggs if robbed."

The old taxidermist had been a collector himself and knew its charm. Indeed, in his own window were several nests full of eggs, presided over by their dead owners as a mounted guard.

"Are there many collectors of birds' eggs?" asked the young man as he watched the old man dress down the feathers of the meadow lark he had brought in.

"Oh, yes, there are a good many scattered throughout the country, and many have pretty collections, too. Quite a traffic is carried on in birds' eggs, though, I am sorry to say, it is mostly young fellows who do not care so much for the knowledge of bird life as for the eggs themselves. The eggs have a market value. Of course, the rarer the bird or the greater the difficulty of finding the nest, the more valuable the egg. This meadow lark's eggs are worth 50 cents apiece. It is a common bird and the experienced collector will find the nest without much difficulty, though the beginner will travel through a meadow for a week without coming across it. That owl's egg in my window is valued at \$2.50. A great many kinds are worth from 10 cents to \$1.00, and some of the rarer eggs are valued as high as \$50, or more. If I owned a great auk's egg, a species now extinct, though it is not so long ago the bird could be found in the northern region, a fabulous price it would bring.

EXCHANGE OF EGGS.

"Then, too, a good deal of exchanging is done, especially among the young fellows. The young naturalists in Santa Cruz, Cal., will be very glad to send on to you some of the birds' eggs to be found in that section for eggs that you can get in New York or New Jersey without much trouble, crows' eggs for example. A price list of a reputable dealer in birds' eggs will be taken as a basis of exchange."

"Don't you sometimes get cheated in buying or exchanging eggs at a distance?"

"Yes, quite often, but you must look out for that. I once got a letter from a collector in Michigan that he had a set of velvet ducks' eggs. Now, the velvet duck is

an exceedingly rare species of the wild duck family. They nest in Labrador and the British America regions, and few of their nests are found. In dimensions they are about the size of hens' eggs. I sent for some, and on receiving them found they were altogether too much like hens' eggs. On breaking one open I found a bit of the yolk which was yet soft, showing that the eggs had been blown only a few days before. As this was in the middle of winter, it was evident that they came from the barnyard. Sometimes the eggs of different species are alike in size and color, and, of course, then deception will be practiced sometimes, and spurious eggs got in a fine collection. Perhaps, though, if one thinks that his egg is authentic he enjoys it just as much."

PROFESSIONAL KNACK.

"It is astonishing," continued the taxidermist, "how soon one gets the knack of finding out the hidden nests of birds, and how quickly one notes by the bird's movements that a nest is near. Sometimes a rare species will come and nest in your own yard, and sometimes some not so rare. For instance, one day I left the door of a closet open in which my collection was kept and a hen walked in and quietly dropped an egg on the cotton that was stored away to be used in the collection box."

"How are the eggs preserved?"

"In the simplest manner. A small hole is drilled in the side of the egg, and the contents removed by means of a blow-pipe. Then the interior of the shell is washed out with water and allowed to drain through the drilled hole on a piece of blotting-paper. That is all that is necessary; the shell will keep all right, and the spots seldom fade. The date of collection and a number to show the species is then written on the side in which the hole is drilled. Then the egg is ready to be placed on a layer of cotton or sawdust in the box or cabinet where the collection is to be kept."

Woman's Self-Sacrifice.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

Woman is naturally more buoyant and optimistic than man. She will endure more, hoping for good times yet. For nature is more pliant, elastic, upward-looking. She has not only done more for the human race than man, she is determined to do more. She is a natural martyr. She seldom commits suicide; she often dies for others. Altruism is stronger with her than selfishness. The consequence is that a woman who does not care to hope or plan for the future is a very devil. She destroys and sacrifices others for the slightest whim or pleasure.

The future of the race is far more dependent on the creation of a noble race of mothers than on all other causes combined. A state of society that deteriorates the mothers tends inevitably to permanent degeneracy. In our "high life," which in reality is very low life, the "mother" is sacrificed; it is abstracted as a power; the instinct is destroyed; the devotion turned to selfishness.

Niceties of Discrimination.

[Philadelphia Call.]

"These quick changes in a woman's temper are funny, Bromley. The other day I heard a crash in the yard next door, then heard Mrs. Bines say: 'You didn't want to break the pitcher, did you, Tommy? Never mind it, little dear!'"

"I would call her an amiable woman, Mr. Darringer."

"Well, may be. Ten minutes later she struck a different key. 'Tom, you good for nothing little rascal, why did you leave that gate open? I've a mind to box your ears.'"

"That wasn't quite so amiable, I admit, Mr. Darringer. Increased provocation—"

"No, Bromley, it was less of a provocation."

"How do you explain the inconsistency, then?"

"Easily enough. The Tom who broke her pitcher was my Tom. The Tom who left the gate open was hers."

Women's Eyes.

[Exchange.]

A close but perhaps somewhat prejudiced observer who has spent much time abroad can scarcely comprehend why the eye, which is of such vast importance to the women of nearly every other nation, is merely an organ of sight to the English and American woman. The latter, probably, does more flirting than the women of every other country put together, yet the eye, her greatest, most effective, and by far her most adaptable charm, she can only exercise in the most practical and commonplace way.

The New Conchoidal Glass.

[St. Louis Republican.]

Not a wedding this season will go off without some specimens of the new conchoidal glass among the bridal gifts. It comes in all the shell tints and combinations of delicate color, but a bright youngster at a recent wedding, where a handsome ice cream set of this new glassware was among the presents, said: "I couldn't eat off those notched saucers of pink and white; they remind me of false teeth and gums."

The Italians.

[Detroit Free Press.]

This is the way to make a polenta, the national Italian dish: Put in a saucepan two quarts of boiling water, half a teaspoonful of salt and an ounce of butter; stir in gradually a pint of yellow meal and two tablespoonfuls of grated Parmesan cheese; allow it to boil until the water is well evaporated, when it is ready. The grated cheese may be served with the polenta instead of being added to it while being prepared.

The English Girls' Bracelet.

[Boston Transcript.]

Did anybody say that a bracelet was not useful. Little did he know the many ends which an English girl will make it serve. She will fasten it in her hair so that it will look like the top on a comb, and when she wears a square-necked waist, she will place the bracelet about her throat, tying it on with a bit of velvet, and drive her friends wild with envy of her new necklace. Not useful, indeed!

For Chapped Hands.

[The Cook.]

An excellent glycerine ointment for chapped hands is made by melting, with a gentle heat, two ounces of sweet oil of almonds, half an ounce of spermaceti, and one drachm of white wax. When melted, remove from the stove and add an ounce of glycerine, and stir until the mixture is cold. The ointment can be scented with any perfume to suit the fancy. Keep it in wide-necked bottles.

A Novel feature in Investments.

The whole country after having undergone a period of depression is now asking itself, what business has least been affected and uninjured?

Such a business, industry or corporation, that can make a better showing now than before the crisis attracts the attention of capital, merits the confidence of investors and is being eagerly sought for.

There is such a business, and it has heretofore been monopolized by English and Scotch capital until some three hundred millions have been invested in the Ranch and Cattle business of this great country.

Foremost amongst the strongest, richest and most successful American Companies stand the United States Land and Investment Company, 145 Broadway, New York, which is now offering \$500,000 First Mortgage 6% 10 Year Bonds, for subscription at 90 cash, or at par, upon a novel installment feature which appeals to the Farmer as well as the Banker, the Clerk and Mechanic as well as the Millionaire, and to all who desire to invest their savings, at better rates of interest than any bank will allow.

This Company issues certificates of indebtedness in One and Five Dollars, each representing an installment, and when the investor has purchased \$50 of these certificates he becomes entitled to a \$100 Gold Bond, First Mortgage, bearing 6% interest, which he can obtain upon presenting his certificates or forwarding them by letter to the Company's Office, at 145 Broadway, N. Y.

The remaining \$50 due on the Bond being payable to the Company in monthly installments not exceeding \$5.

The bond commences to draw interest upon delivery the same as if fully paid. In addition to which the company gives as a Bonus, Free, one fully paid up share of stock of the value of \$25.

Those desiring to buy their Bonds out right for cash can do so at 10% discount in \$100, \$500 or \$1000 Bonds and receive one, five or ten shares of stock Free. The Bonds are secured by property owned absolutely by the Company, estimated to be worth \$3,000,000, and this money received from sale of Bonds will be invested in Cattle, the income from which it is estimated will yield 80% upon the stock after paying 6% on the Bonds.

Applications are being forwarded in great numbers daily, and all those who desire to subscribe should send at once for Prospectuses and full information to The United States Land Investment Company, 145 Broadway, New York.—*The Financier.* 824 519m3

Sewing, Stamping.

By the day or piece. Also stamping. Apply at Mrs. Richardson's residence, between Main and Second street arches; or address post office, 577m1.

E. HOLLAND.

Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

D. M. Luker, at the Nachusa House barber shop and bath rooms is always on hand and ready to serve customers.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Should be kept constantly at hand, for use in emergencies of the household. Many a mother, startled in the night by the ominous sounds of Croup, finds the little sufferer, with red and swollen face, gasping for air. In such cases Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is invaluable. Mrs. Emma Gedney, 159 West 123 st., New York, writes: "While in the country, last winter, my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with Croup; it seemed as if he would die from strangulation. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral was tried in small and frequent doses, and, in less than half an hour, the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the Pectoral saved my darling's life." Mrs. Chas. B. Landon, Guilford, Conn., writes: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Saved My Life,

and also the life of my little son. As he is troubled with Croup, I dare not be without this remedy in the house." Mrs. J. Gregg, Lowell, Mass., writes: "My children have repeatedly taken Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for Coughs and Croup. It gives immediate relief, followed by cure." Mrs. Mary E. Evans, Scranton, Pa., writes: "I have two little boys, both of whom have been, from infancy, subject to violent attacks of Croup. About six months ago we began using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and it acts like a charm. In a few minutes after the child takes it, he breathes easily and rests well. Every mother ought to know what a blessing I have found in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral." Mrs. Wm. C. Reid, Freehold, N. J., writes: "In our family, Ayer's medicines have been blessings for many years. In cases of Colds and Coughs, we take

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

and the inconvenience is soon forgotten."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

Hack Lin

—TO—

ANY PART OF THE CITY.

Alonzo Gage

Desires to inform his friends that orders for hacks to any part of the city; for parties and funerals will receive prompt attention. Hacks make

Regular Trips to All Trains.

Charles Cupp is now driving for another firm, and therefore orders given him do not reach me.

ALONZO GAGE.

(355 tf)

Thos. Dolan & Son
TAILORS.

We keep constantly on hand a full line of

Foreign and Domestic Woolens

Which we will make up at reasonable prices to suit the times.

General Satisfaction Guaranteed

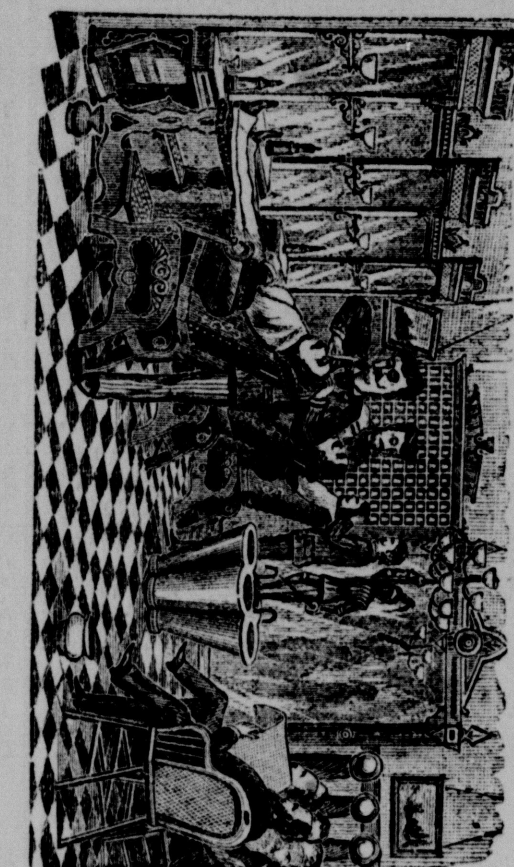
Give Us A Call.

At the Old Stand, opposite Opera House, Galena Street, Dixon Ill.

(418m3)

GEO. LEONARD'S

TONSorial Parlors.

OVER TODD'S STORE,
Corner Main and Galena Streets.CHICAGO, PEORIA & ST. LOUIS,
BY WAY OF
OMAHA AND LINCOLN TO DENVER,
OR VIA
KANSAS CITY AND ATCHISON TO DENVER.

Connecting in Union Depots at Kansas City, Omaha and Denver with through trains for
SAN FRANCISCO
And all points in the Great West.

GOING EAST.
Connecting in Grand Union Depot at Chicago
with through trains for
NEW YORK, BOSTON,
And all Eastern Cities.

At Peoria with through trains for Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Columbus, and all points in the South-East. At St. Louis with through trains for all points South.

Elegant Day Coaches, Parlor Cars, with Reclining Chairs (seats free), Smoking Cars with Revolving Chairs, Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars and the famous C. B. & Q. Dining Cars run daily to and from Chicago and Kansas City, Chicago and Council Bluffs; Chicago and Des Moines, Chicago, St. Joseph, Atchison and Topeka without change. Only through line running their own trains between Chicago, Lincoln and Denver, and Chicago, Kansas City and Denver. Through cars between Indianapolis and Council Bluffs, via Peoria.

GOING NORTH AND SOUTH.
Solid Trains of Elegant Day Coaches and Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars are run daily to and from St. Louis, via Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Albia. Leave St. Paul and Minneapolis daily for St. Louis and Peoria. Only change of cars between St. Louis and Des Moines, Iowa, Lincoln, Nebraska, and Denver, Colorado.

It is also the only Through Line between **ST. LOUIS, MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL.**

It is known as the great THROUGH CAR LINE of America, and is universally admitted to be the

Finest Equipped Railroad in the World for all classes of Travel.

Through Tickets via this line for sale at all R. R. coupon ticket offices in the United States and Canada.

T. J. POTTER, PERCEVAL LOWELL,
Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgrs. Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Accident.

REPRESENTING THE MOST RELIABLE COMPANIES.

Real Estate and Loaning Agents

Several Farms in Lee County for sale on easy terms. Over Two Thousand acres of Land in Iowa, Southern Minnesota and Nebraska for sale or exchange for lands in Lee County. Prompt attention given to leasing and collection of rents on town property.

Charters & Dimick.

Is Money Any Object?

—If so, go to the—

STORE 99¢ STORE

—FOR—

STAPLE AND NOVELTY GOODS.

The Best and Cheapest Line ever shown in Dixon. Our stock of TOYS is complete. 13-inch drum 99 cents. Good Hobby Horse 99 cents. Wax Dolls—large—39 cents and up. Plush and Leather Albums and

(Rogers) SILVERWARE. (Derby)

At Red Rock Prices. Full stock of Knives, Razors, Shears, Jewelry, Bird Cages, Sleds, Wagons, Stands. Largest stock of

Frames and Mouldings

In the City. Any odd sized Frames Made to Order. Checked Lined and Silver Grey Circulars.

Dixon Stereoscopic Views

Stationary Articles, Valices, Hand-Bags, Pocket-Books, Whale-bone Whips, Lamps, Brushes, Mirrors &c. Every article bought for spot cash. Come and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Z. T. TURNER, Prop.

(320 157 m3)

COAL!

THE BEST OF—

Hard Coal
Soft Coal
Cord Wood

Fire Kindling by Cord or Bundle.

—AND—

Patent Fire Kindler.

We propose to give Good Coal and Good Weight for Good Pay, and always at the LOWEST PRICE.

Orders by telephone promptly attended to and your patronage most respectfully solicited. Office and Yard Between R. R. Depots, Dixon, Ill.

TELEPHONE NO. 19.

L. D. PITCHER, Prop.

S. D. PORTER, Agt.



INCREASE your evening trade, decrease your expenses by using the cheapest light in the market. Superior to gas at one-fourth the expense. No enterprising merchant can afford to do without it. Just the thing for Skating Rinks. Send for catalogue or call when in city. N. E. T. LAMP CO. Chicago. 47 South Jefferson St.

LIVERY

—AND—

FEED STABLE

—O—

JESSE P. LUDEWICK

Successor to CHAS. DEMENT.

Main Street East Galena, Dixon.

ELEGANT RIGS and stylish horses. Carriages furnished on short notice for all occasions.

A GOOD HEARSE

constantly on hand.

Terms Reasonable